

The thesis aims to explore a specific part of Czech party system. Specifically, it maps the initial reactions of Czech parliamentary political parties to the European Commission's document called European Green Deal. To argument support from theoretical background, it uses the Integrated Theory of Party Goals and Party Change, which was formulated by Harmel and Janda 1994. The research was based on finding data in a form of clearly identifiable reactions on Green Deal, and they have been sorted by the type of reaction (Positive, neutral, negative) Based on these and other findings, a summary table was created, which compares the parties in terms of access and response to the document.

The purpose was to look at the approach of the parties in the party system after the mistake, ie. political earthquake in relation to a selected policy of post-materialist values. This meaning of the work has been fulfilled, and it can serve as a clear starting point for orientation in the issue for further research, or leaves open the possibilities of selected aspects, typically reasons for the reaction of a particular party, grasp and expand them by follow-up research, for example in the form of a case study. The chosen theory did not prove to be inappropriate, but the nature of the research did not allow it to be fully applied. From the point of view of access to the parties from a theoretical and organizational point of view, however, it works stably and can be used for follow-up research. As an alternative, the Theory of Three Faces, formulated by Katz and Mair in 1993 can be used.