

ABSTRACT

The aim of the rigorous work is to identify and characterize the innovative concept of penitentiary care applied in the treatment of convicted men in the building Open Prison in Jiřice. Emphasis is placed on the analysis of elements of innovation at the architectural level (modification of outdoor spaces "Open Prison", specific accommodation for convicts, construction of a breeding zone, cultivation zone, ornamental gardens) and at the socio-psychological level. This is reflected in the professional work and application of specifically focused activities of the treatment program. It is based on a higher degree of professional intervention in terms of the application of the method of "accompaniment" and "case management", an open approach of employees in a mutually constructive, supportive communication with convicts. In the practical part, a qualitative survey will be used, which will aim to compare selected areas of activities of the program of treatment of convicts included in the execution of imprisonment in a ward with a medium level of security and a low level of security. Case studies were chosen as the research method. The intention is to find out whether the applied foreign trends of penitentiary care in Open Prison in Jiřice correspond to the needs of convicts in terms of the overall strengthening of their independence, responsible behavior and prosocial patterns of behavior. This innovative environment aims to create conditions for non-criminal behavior of convicts after serving a sentence of imprisonment (ie prevention of recidivism). Andragogy as a basic scientific discipline brings systematic knowledge aimed at the effectiveness of the processes of resocialization, integration, social rehabilitation and reeducation.

KEYWORDS

Andragogy, Open Prison in Jiřice, treatment program, re-education, reintegration, resocialization, penitentiary care