

After reading the chapters 4. „Charakteristika spisovné normy současné aragonštiny v konfrontaci se španělštinou“ and 5 „Vztah spisovné normy k živým dialektům“ and have a respect to chapter 3. „Historické východisko“, we can confirm that the Aragonese, neither its dialects, are not, even cannot be, dialects of Spanish. Having a respect to the chapter 2.1. „Aragonština – dialekt kastilštiny?“ we see that in the past, and today as well, there are many philologists who think that the Aragonese is one of the dialects of Spanish.

We can observe in the chapter 5. „Vztah spisovné normy k živým dialektům“ that the Aragonese has important properties which are very different from the Spanish and which make both languages unintelligibles. This signifies that the Aragonese cannot be a dialect of the Spanish. Many of the interdialects of the Aragonese have passed through a strong castelization (there are habitual Spanish vocabulary in the interdialect of ansotano), but it doesn't mean that they are dialects of the Spanish, because predominate in it qualities own to the Aragonese vocalic, consonantic, morphological and lexical evolution. In that chapter is where I tried to sketch the most important differences, such as the article, verbs, word-order etc. Even its sociolinguistic inferiority respect to the Spanish (the Aragonese has not important literature and is not official language in Spain, neither in Aragon and the speakers have an inferior consciousness in the face of the Spanish.)

The Aragonese is an independent language, if need be we use the expression dialect, but independent dialect which developed from Latin, not from Spanish.

The Aragonese has a standard norm which consist in ortographic, morphological, phonetic and lexical norms. It disposes of the Academy of the Aragonese language which was instituted not long ago. It means that the Aragonese should be take by a new language. The Aragonese misses an institutional officiality which could produce its prestige, admission and also clasification as a language in the future. If this doesn't happen, the Aragonese (due to low number of speakers, their inferior linguistic consciousness and prefering of the Spanish to the Aragonese in the elementary schools, press, television etc.) could disappear.