

Abstract

The pyramid complex of Djoser (Netjerikhet) who was a ruler of the 3rd Dynasty is considered to be a fundamental and unique set of buildings in the context of ancient Egyptian archaeology. The aim of the bachelor thesis is to present a comprehensive view of the archaeological form of the pyramid complex itself and its individual parts (Step pyramid, South tomb, South court, *Heb-sed* court, house of the south, house of the north, mortuary temple, serdab, enclosure wall etc.). Emphasis will also be put on the historical-religious situation that dwelled in Egypt during the 3rd Dynasty.