Abstract

This thesis deals with the right consequences of violating the right of every participant of judicial proceeding, that in court proceedings on consideration of their cases within a reasonable time and without undue delay. In case of violation of the rights of the formation of the State's liability for harm suffered as a result of maladministration consisting in the excessive length of judicial proceedings. Thesis focuses mainly non-pecuniary damages incurred as a result of maladministration consisting in the excessive length of the proceedings and the forms of compensation, which allows Czech legal order.

The length of civil proceedings may be considered excessive in case the length does not respond to the complexity of the case and its significance for the participants, even if there are no delays in court actions. There is a strong but reputtable presumption that excessively long proceedings causes non-pecuniary damage.

Several types of remedy may redress the violation appropriately. The first form of satisfaction is so called pronouncement of excessivelly long proceedings. The pronouncement constitues the basic form of satisfaction. The victim is provided with financial compensation in case the pronouncement of excessivelly long proceedings is not considered sufficient and the non-pecuniar damage wasn't compensated otherwise, for instance during criminal proceedings or in the form of apology.