

Annotation

This bachelor thesis deals with anti-Semitism propagated by fascist press of the first Czechoslovak Republic from 1928 till 1938. In the beginning, the bachelor thesis deals with anti-Semitism, its development in Bohemia and Moravia while focusing on the first Czechoslovak Republic or characteristics of anti-Semitism. It also gives a definition of fascism, information about its origin, its specific forms and features. The thesis focuses mainly on the identification of forms of anti-Semitism in printed periodicals of Czechoslovak fascists of the National Fascist Community and *Vlajka* on the basis of characteristics obtained from reading specialized literature. Specifically, the thesis focuses on religious, social and racial anti-Semitism within the printed publications *Říšská stráž* (1928-1929), *Stráž říše* (1929-1932), *Fašistické listy* (1931-1935) and *Vlajka* (1928-1938). It compares the amount of anti-Semitic moods in the National Fascist Community and *Vlajka* mainly on the basis of the occurrence of particular types of anti-Semitism in individual editions of fascist periodicals subjected to content analysis. It tries to capture the similarities and differences in the spread of anti-Semitism in printed form by two Czechoslovak fascist groups. Since the periodical *Fašistické listy* is only available until 1935, the years 1937 and 1938 of *Vlajka*'s publication serve only as supplementary data, but they do not affect the comparison.