Abstract

The bachelor thesis studies the transformation and heading of the political system of Bolivia after the election of Evo Morales as president and the entry into power of his Movement for Socialism (Movimiento al Socialismo, MAS). The aim of the thesis is to analyze the direction in which the reforms have shifted the political system and how its character has changed. The emphasis is placed on changes in the basic institutions of the state, in the bodies of state power and form of government. It also examines the influence of the opposition within the political system and its role in promoting political reforms. Attention is also given to the consequences of the Morales’s government and the reforms to the foreign policy of the state and to the mutual relations in the South American region.