

Abstract (In English)

The bachelor thesis represents folk architecture for the benefit of the Czechoslovak ethnographic society; therefore, the work works with the ground plan type of the house in the village of Lysolaje. With a sign of ethnicity to the farm. Based on the study Prazak, Vilem: Towards the foundation of ground plan types of folk buildings in Czechoslovakia. The shed house off the rooms with the shed and the chamber-type house next to the room. With this type of ground plan, it is possible to distinguish the ground plans for the German house identification house and the Czech chamber type house identification.

Another dimension of the thesis is the analysis of ethnicity in terms of social and cultural anthropology, the Czechoslovak ethnographic society and ethnicity in folk architecture. Historically, the development of Lysolaj describes the history of farm. The archive source represents material that already existed in the research of folk architecture in the village.

Methodological side works with the method deduction and induction, verifies the theoretical statement of Prazak Viliam.