This bachelor thesis follows the causes of the loss of popularity of left-wing politics of Cristina Fernandez de Kirchner so-called kirchnerism and Mauricio Macri's victory in the 2015 presidential election. Right-wing politician Mauricio Macri with his victory broke the twelve-year-old domination of kirchnerism. The thesis consists of three parts. The first part focuses on the political system of Argentina. In the second part I followed the policies of Nestor and Cristina Kirchner, which led to the financial crisis of 2014-2015 and the third part analyzes the presidential elections themselves.