Abstract

This bachelor thesis deals with the question of how did the coexistence between Czechs and Germans change after 28th October 1918 in Kašperské Hory, when the Czechoslovak republic was founded. This question is answered by giving historical context that goes up to 1908, the notional milestone of the local national conflicts. The paper presents in which position were the Germans in Kašperské Hory and how they perceived the new republic. It presents also the situation of the Czechs living as a minority in a German town after the republic establishment. Last but not least amicable moments will be outlined that came about thank to the mutual history.