

Title: Rich Families of Projections and Retractions

Author: Jacopo Somaglia

Department: Department of Mathematical Analysis MFF UK (Prague),
Department of Mathematics Università degli Studi di Milano (Milan)

Supervisors: Prof. RNDr. Ondřej Kalenda PhD DSc. Department of Mathematical Analysis MFF UK (Prague), Prof. Dr. Clemente Zanco Department of Mathematics Università degli Studi di Milano (Milan)

Abstract: We deal with problems on non-separable Banach spaces and non-metrizable compact spaces. In particular these problems concern Banach spaces with a projectional skeleton and compact spaces with a retractional skeleton. A projectional (resp. retractional) skeleton is a family of continuous projections (resp. retractions) on a Banach (resp. compact) space, which satisfies certain compatibility properties. Banach spaces with projectional skeleton and compact spaces with retractional skeleton can be viewed as non-commutative version of Plichko Banach spaces and Valdivia compact spaces respectively.

The thesis is split into three chapters. Each chapter consists of a submitted/published paper concerning different problems in this area.

In the first chapter, *On the class of continuous images of non-commutative Valdivia compacta*, we investigate the stability of some topological properties in the class of weakly non-commutative Valdivia compacta (i.e. the class of spaces that are image of a non-commutative Valdivia compact space). We deal, among others, with arbitrary products, $[0, \eta)$ -sums, Aleksandrov duplication.

In the second chapter, *New examples of non-commutative Valdivia compact spaces*, we characterize compact trees with a retractional skeleton. This characterization answers in the negative the following question:

Let X be a non-commutative Valdivia compact space that does not contain any copy of the ordinal space $[0, \omega_2]$. Is X necessarily Valdivia?

In the third chapter, *On compact trees with the coarse wedge topology*, we investigate in more detail the class of compact trees. We study the properties of Radon measures on compact trees, proving that each tree has the property (M) . We characterize compact trees to be Valdivia and finally we prove that $C(T)$, the space of continuous functions on a compact tree T , is Plichko whenever T has height less than $\omega_1 \cdot \omega_0$.

Keywords: retractional skeleton, projectional skeleton, Valdivia compacta, Plichko spaces, tree.